CSTP Series

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

This manual is intended to provide basic installation and start-up guidance. It is to be read and thoroughly studied prior to attempting to install or operate any of the equipment supplied. Equipment damage, which occurs by not following these instructions, will void the warranty.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS:

Only trained qualified personnel shall be utilized for installation and start-up.

The following is a general list of safety precautions that should be followed when installing, starting-up or servicing the pump. The pump station owner or operator is ultimately responsible for ensuring that all equipment is installed, started up and operated in a safe manner.

- Do not work alone.
- Double check to make sure that all lifting equipment is in good working order and that it has adequate lifting capacity for the weight that it will handle.
- Wear safety helmet, goggles and protective shoes, or appropriate safety materials required.
- Before working on the pump make sure that power is disconnected and cannot be energized by others. Lockout and tag the control panel circuit breaker.
- Do not stand under suspended loads!
- Never enter or work within a wet well without first checking to make sure sufficient oxygen is present and that there are no explosive or poisonous gases present.
- All personnel, who work with sewage pumping equipment and systems, shall be vaccinated against diseases that can occur, If there are any questions or doubts in this area it is strongly suggested that the local health agency be contacted.
- For Hazardous Area Classifications, only use pumps with suitable Explosion Proof Rating.

EQUIPMENT INVENTORY AND INSPECTION:

Upon arrival of pump shipment carefully unpack all components and compare with shipping and purchase order documents to ensure that the order is complete. Also inspect equipment for any damage that might have occurred in shipment. If any problems are detected contact an authorized HOMA Pump Technology Representative immediately.

TRANSPORTATION AND STORAGE PROCEDURE:

Always lift the pump by its lifting bail or eye. Never lift the pump by its power cable! Pumps should be stored in an upright position, taking extreme care to protect the power cable and control cables from crushing, and nicks or tears which would permit water intrusion. Power cable ends must be protected from immersion in water as well as moisture intrusion. The cable will wick water into the pump if it is not protected properly. Power cable leads should be covered with shrink tubing or suitable sealing material.

Short Term Storage: Short term storage is defined as any time less than six months. We recommend that pump and accessories be stored in their original shipping container in a dry, temperature controlled area. If climate controlled storage is not possible, all exposed parts should be inspected before storage and all surfaces that have the paint scratched, damaged or worn should be re-coated with suitable paint. Store the pump in an upright position.

Long Term Storage: Any storage time exceeding six months is considered long term. In addition to the safeguards specified above, the impeller should be rotated once a month to prevent the mechanical seals from being damaged, and the pump should be inspected. The oil in the mechanical seal chamber should be drained and replaced prior to commissioning. Store the pump in an upright position.
ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION:

GENERAL GUIDELINES
All electrical work shall be carried out under the supervision of an authorized, licensed electrician. The present state adopted edition of the National Electrical Code as well as all local codes and regulations shall be complied with.

VERIFICATION OF POWER SUPPLY
Prior to making any electrical connections or applying power to the pump, compare the power supply available at the pump station to the data on the unit’s nameplate. Confirm that both voltage and phase match between pump and control panel. The voltage supplied at the pump shall be plus or minus 10% of the nameplate value, frequency shall be plus or minus 5% of the nameplate value, the voltage phase balance shall be within 1% and the maximum corrected power factor shall be 1.0.

POWER LEAD WIRING
HOMA CTP Series pumps may be provided with 1 or more cables, depending on motor horsepower and operating voltage. Power leads L1, L2, & L3 may be provided as single conductor, or as twin conductor. Twin conductor configuration may use leads from two separate cables, or may use two conductors within one cable. Please refer to wiring diagram in the appendix for specific connection details. The pump must be connected electrically through a motor starter with proper circuit breaker protection in order to validate warranty. Do not splice cables.

THERMAL SWITCH WIRING:
Pumps are equipped with thermal switches which are normally closed, automatically resetting switches. Switches will open when the internal temperature rises above the design temperature, and will close when the temperature returns to normal. Some non explosion proof single phase CTP pumps have internally connected thermals which shut the pump down in the event of over temperature condition and do not require any external connection. Explosion proof pumps and pumps with 7 lead cable have thermal switches which must be wired into the over temperature circuit of the control panel.

Note: All sizes of Class1, Div. I pumps for hazardous service will have externally wired thermal switches. Thermal switch leads must be connected to a current regulated control circuit in accordance with the NEC.

Thermal switch leads must be connected to validate warranty. Identify thermal switch leads marked T1 and T3 in the power or control cable. The resistance across these leads will be .5 Ohm. These leads must be connected to the thermal overload relay such as the HOMA Go switch seal fail / thermal relay (option) or other current regulated power supply / controller.

SEAL PROBE WIRING
The mechanical seal leak detector probe utilized in the pump is a conductive probe which is normally open. The intrusion of water into the seal chamber completes the electrical circuit. Control panel provisions will sense this circuit closure, and will provide indication or alarm functions depending on the panel design. Either single or dual wire systems may be provided. Single wire systems utilize one energizing conductor, and the pump casing and neutral lead as the ground or return portion of the circuit. The dual wire systems utilize two separate conductors for each leg of the circuit. With either system, the seal probe leads must be wired into a control circuit provided in the control panel. This control circuit must energize the probe with a regulated power source, and sense the closed circuit in event of water intrusion. Indication and alarm functions must also be provided in the control circuit. Please see control panel wiring diagram (by others) for seal probe connection points. IMPORTANT: For Hazardous Area Classification Pumps, leak detector circuit must be in conformance with applicable NEC codes and regulations.

START / RUN CAPACITORS AND RELAYS:
All single phase motors require start and/or run capacitors to operate. Refer to the wiring schematics in the appendix. Capacitors and relays must be sized for the specific motor. Capacitors are sized based on ideal conditions. The Run capacitor may need to be resized to match the available field voltage. Each cap kit shipped is supplied with a wiring diagram and start-up procedure.
MECHANICAL INSTALLATION: PUMPS WITH AUTOCOUPLING SYSTEMS

The HOMA Auto-Coupling is a quick removal system used in keeping personnel from having to enter the wet well. The pump mounts on a stationary base and operates completely or partially submerged (min. 8” above volute) in the pumping media.

The HOMA Auto-Coupling kit includes a base elbow, guide claw flange and upper guide rail bracket. Kit also includes a profile seal. Refer to dimensional drawing for details.

CTP Series pumps with horizontal threaded discharge, attach the guide claw flange to the pump discharge flange as follows:

1. Inspect threaded assemblies for damage.
2. Clean threaded portions of pump discharge flange and guide claw flange and locate set screw location.
3. Install profile seal (if not already installed at factory) into the guide claw with large diameter fitted into groove inside of claw.
4. Apply pipe sealant to the threads of the discharge.

When installing the pump onto a larger auto-coupling an increaser bushing will be included with the pump. Use a thread locking compound such as blue #242. Apply thread locking compound to the discharge threads. Thread the bushing onto the discharge and tighten.

5. Thread guide claw flange on to pump discharge fully. DISCHARGE THREADS ARE NOT NPT. DO NOT OVER TIGHTEN.
6. Tighten guide claw flange until the claw is in upright (horizontal) position.
7. Apply thread locker to the set screw included with the guide claw and tighten set screw.

For flanged discharge pumps, attach the guide claw with the fasteners and gasket provided. Flanges are raised face type, improper tightening will damage the flanges. Tighten the bolts in a crosswise fashion evenly and in steps. Do not tighten one side and then the other or the flanges will break.

Do not over tighten the bolts or the flanges will break.

For all pumps, properly locate the base and with anchor bolts provided fasten to the floor of the pump station. Make sure when locating and securing the anchor bolts that the base will align properly with the access cover at the top elevation of the station. (Refer to outline drawing in appendix). Level the base before completely tightening the anchor bolts. If base is not level, proper sealing of the pump to base may not occur!

Place the guide rail pipes (supplied by others), cut to length into the rings of the base. The rails will be secured at the top of the pump station with the upper guide bar bracket and will extend down to the sump floor. For stations exceeding 15 feet in depth, intermediate guide bar brackets are recommended. One bracket is recommended for each additional 15 feet of station depth.

Install upper guide bar bracket as shown on outline drawing located in the appendix. Do not tighten mounting bolts completely at this point. Check that the guide system is properly installed in the vertical orientation by using levels and a plumb line. Then tighten upper guide anchor bolts. Connect the station riser piping to the outlet flange of the base.

INSTALLATION OF PUMPS WITH RING STANDS:

The ring stand design allows for simple economical installation and can be transported from one installation to another. It is intended to operate completely or partially submerged in the pumping liquid.

For pump models without integral support feet, install the ring stand to the underside of the volute with the supplied fasteners. Apply a thread locking compound to threads before installing, such as blue #242 thread locking compound.
Install lifting chain or cable of adequate size and load rating of the unit. Allow for proper length to permit proper lowering and raising of the pump. Properly position power cables and lifting devise over the load and keep them from entering the pump suction.

Prior To Installation:
Before lowering the pump into position check the direction of rotation. The impeller will rotate clockwise as viewed from the top. Therefore the pump will try to move in the counter clockwise direction as the impeller rotates (known as start reaction). "Bump the Motor" by closing the pump circuit breaker and push the pump start button and look for the direction of movement specified above. For three phase motors, if the starting jerk is in the clockwise direction, open the circuit breaker to isolate power and interchange two of the three phase leads inside the control panel.

Make sure to use lifting equipment that has adequate capacity for the pump that will be handled. Before installing pump, check to be certain the profile seal is properly positioned in the guide claw flange. Position pump so the guide ears on the discharge flange engage the rails. Slowly lower the pump along the guide rails, once the pump reaches its bottom location it will automatically connect to the base.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PUMP MODEL</th>
<th>Bolts Anchors</th>
<th>SIZE</th>
<th>TORQUE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-2 ½” CTP-SERIES AUTOCOUPLING</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>M12mm</td>
<td>37 ft/ #</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3” CTP-SERIES AUTOCOUPLING</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>M12mm</td>
<td>74 ft/#</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes:
1. Flange bolts must be tightened in cross pattern to avoid damage to the raise face flanges.
2. Standard Anchors are Plated Steel
3. Anchor bolt holes should be drilled to the actual diameter of the anchor (M12 anchor requires 12mm diameter hole).

START-UP

Prior To Applying Power
Prior to applying power to the pump; double check all wiring and verify that the power (Voltage, Phase) that will be supplied to the unit matches the nameplate specified values. Measure resistance of cable and pump motor resistance of ground circuit between control panel and outside of pump. Perform MEG ohm check of motor insulation. Record all data on start-up checklist which is included with this manual.

Wet Well Applications

If the above checks prove satisfactory the pump is ready for operation. Lower the pump into position. (Refer to Mechanical installation section of this manual.)

Open discharge valve, and verify that all check valves operate freely. It is very common for discharge check valves to be jammed shut (or open) after sitting for a period of time. Once all valves are open and free, start the pump and allow it to stabilize for several minutes prior to recording any test data.

Listen for any unusual noise and be on the lookout for unusual vibration. This is generally detectable on guide rails for Auto Coupling installations and on discharge piping for ring stand installations. Also for Auto Coupling installations, look for any blow by from the discharge connection.

Perform all remaining electrical, operational, and performance tests specified on the start-up report at the back of this manual. Record and provide details on the checklist to validate warranty.

Note: Do not install more then one (1) check valve into any pump discharge piping system or problems will occur.
Installation / Startup Troubleshooting:

Only authorized service personnel who are trained professionals shall troubleshoot and repair pumps that are experiencing operational or performance difficulties.

All HOMA pumps are factory tested, yet startup difficulties can occur with any mechanical equipment. Please note that our technical support staff stands ready to assist you with any problem or difficulty you might encounter with our equipment.

The following is a tabulation of common start-up problems and possible causes.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symptom</th>
<th>Possible Causes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pump will not start</td>
<td>1, 2, 3, 4, 27, 29, 31, 32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Little or zero discharge</td>
<td>5, 6, 7, 8, 16, 30, 32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Insufficient discharge flow/pressure</td>
<td>5, 6, 9, 10, 11, 12, 26, 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Excessive power consumption</td>
<td>6, 9, 13, 28, 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Excessive current draw</td>
<td>6, 13, 14, 15, 19, 21, 26, 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Excessive pump vibration/noise</td>
<td>5, 7, 9, 10, 12, 13, 15, 16, 17, 25, 26, 30, 31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pumps runs &amp; motor protection trips</td>
<td>17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pumps runs manually, but not automatically</td>
<td>22, 23, 24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pump runs hot</td>
<td>7, 13, 18, 19, 25, 26, 28</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Listing of Possible Causes:

1. Incorrect or no power supplied to motor.
2. Power cable cut.
3. Short to ground in cable or motor winding.
4. Control panel circuit breaker open.
5. Actual system head is higher than calculated or specified.
6. Incorrect impeller rotation direction.
7. Sump liquid level is below pump's minimum submergence requirement.
8. Closed discharge valve or jammed check valve.
9. Wear ring(s) worn. (If Applicable).
10. Vortex at pump's suction.
11. Discharge valve partially closed.
12. Insufficient NPSHA (Dry Pit Application).
13. Actual system head is lower than specified resulting in over pumping condition.
14. Voltage supply to motor is lower than required by motor.
15. Damaged bearings.
16. High system head causing pump to operate at extremely reduced capacity.
17. Object stuck inside impeller.
18. Motor not receiving proper voltage on all three phases.
19. Phase/currents unbalanced or too high.
20. Insulation between phases and earth ground,<1M-ohm.
22. Defective level sensor.
24. Defective H/O/A switch, relay or contactor coil.
25. Air Captured in Cooling Jacket.
26. Pump not properly seated on Auto Coupling.
27. Water intrusion through junction box.
28. Run capacitor size too large.
29. Start capacitor size too small.
30. Profile seal not sealing or missing.
31. VFD or Soft Start not functioning properly.
32. Start Relay or Capacitors damaged. (1 ph)

If you need additional help, please contact your local distributor or e-mail service@homapump.com
PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE

Regular preventive maintenance will help ensure longer pump life and more reliable operation. It is recommended that pumps in intermittent operation be inspected twice a year and pumps in continuous operation be inspected every 1,000 hours. The following is a listing of required inspection and maintenance items.

If any of the problems described in the following list exists stop operating the pump to avoid damage or personal injury.

1. CABLE ENTRY
Make sure that the cable entry flange and strain relief clamp are tight. If the cable entry is showing signs of leakage remove cable from entry, remove grommet, cut a piece of cable off so that the grommet seats on a new portion of the cable, replace grommet, and reinstall cable assembly, into the top of the motor. 
Note: Explosion Proof cables are sealed with a Factory Mutual Approved potting compound. Please consult factory for instruction.

2. CABLES
Inspect the cable for cuts, scrapes or sharp bends. If the outer jacket is damaged, replace the cable. Do not attempt splices within wet wells.

3. MOTOR INSULATION RESISTANCE
Megger the insulation between the phases and between any phase and ground. The Resistance values should be greater than 1 M ohm. If abnormal readings are obtained contact your authorized service center immediately.

4. EXTERNAL PARTS ON PUMP
Make sure that all screws, bolts and nuts are tight. Check the condition of pump lifting eyes and replace if damaged or worn. Replace any external part that appears worn or damaged.

5. SEAL CHAMBER OIL
Caution seal chamber may be pressurized
Check the condition of the oil to see if any water leakage has occurred. Lay the pump on its side with the plug facing upward and remove the oil fill plug. Drain the oil from the seal chamber into a transparent container. Check for impurities and emulsification (Oil is cream-like). If water intrusion has occurred check lower mechanical seal and replace if necessary. Refill seal chamber with fresh oil. Refer to shop manual for type and quantity of oil.

6. IMPELLER
Periodically inspect impeller by turning pump on its side, remove suction strainer nuts and strainer to expose impeller and relocate position of adjusting plate (suction cover) as needed. Replace the impeller if it is damaged or severely worn.

7. PROFILE SEAL
When pump is removed for any service, carefully inspect the profile seal for signs of damage or improper sealing. Be sure the contact patch is fully around the seal face.

SPARE PARTS
In order to obtain spare parts identify the required parts by looking at the appropriate cross sectional drawing and listing, and contact authorized HOMA PUMP TECHNOLOGY representative with the parts required and the pump serial number. Authentic Homa Pump Technology parts shall be used to maintain warranty.

Note: Explosion Proof pumps must be identified as such, and the pump serial number must be referenced for proper parts identification.

RECOMMENDED TOOLS AND SUPPLIES
In addition to ordinary, standard tools and lifting devices, ensure that complete set of metric Allen wrenches, dead blow hammer, impeller puller, Blue #242 thread locking compound, petroleum jelly and anti-seize compound are on hand.
PROFILE SEAL INSTALLATION

IMPORTANT

Black Rubber Sealing Ring (Profile Seal) must be installed in the Guide Claw before pump is installed. Ring must be installed with the large diameter lip inside the groove of the Guide Claw Flange.

CALL OUR TECHNICAL SUPPORT GROUP WITH ANY QUESTIONS REGARDING THE INSTALLATION OF THIS EQUIPMENT.
**SEAL PROBE INSTALLATION PROCEDURE**

Mechanical Seal Leak Detection probe has been loose to protect from shipping damage. Please follow this procedure to install the probe.

1) Lay pump on its side with the plug on the seal chamber facing upwards as indicated.
2) Unscrew the plug with the proper wrench, taking care not to damage the sealing surface.
3) Verify that seal chamber oil level is within ⅛" of the indicated value. Measurement is from oil level to the top of hole. See IOM Manual for seal chamber oil volume, if required.
4) Remove the new sealing gasket from package and install it onto the seal probe plug.
5) Install the seal probe with gasket into the opening, taking care not to damage the cable. Then tighten the seal probe with the proper wrench until snug. Do not overtighten. Once tight, verify the seal gasket is properly seated and the cable is not pinched or twisted. **NOTE: At installation of the seal probe be careful not to bind the seal probe cord as it is being installed into the pump.**
6) Lift pump into a vertical position and inspect for any leaks.
7) Secure seal probe cable to pump body and power cable with tyrap before installing pump.

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**External Seal Probe Connections**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Single Wire Option</th>
<th>Supply</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Seal Probe Cable</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Circuit is completed through pump housing. Use ground lead as return for 1 wire seal probe.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Two Wire Option</th>
<th>Supply</th>
<th>Return</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Seal Probe Cable</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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START-UP REPORT

This report is designed to insure the customer that customer service and a quality product are the number one priority with HOMA Pump Technology, Inc. Please answer the following questions completely and as accurately as possible. Mail this form to:

HOMA PUMP TECHNOLOGY INC.
390 BIRMINGHAM BOULEVARD
ANSONIA, CT 06401
ATTN: SERVICE MANAGER

Receipt of completed report will initiate operational warranty. Reports that are not returned can delay or void warranty.

1.) Pump User's Name: _____________________________________________________________
   Site Location: __________________________________________________________________
   Site Contract: __________________________________________________________________
   Unit Supplied By: __________________________________________________________________

2.) HOMA Pumps Model__________________________________ Serial No._____________________
   Voltage____________ Phase_________________ Hertz_________________ Horsepower________
   Method Used to Check Rotation (viewed from bottom) __________________________________
   Does Impeller Turn Freely By Hand: YES________   NO _________

3.) Condition of Equipment: EXCELLENT_____________ GOOD ____________ AVERAGE_________
   Condition of Cable Jacket : EXCELLENT___________GOOD ____________ AVERAGE___________
   Resistance of Cable and Pump Motor (measured at pump control)
   1 Phase: U1 – U2________ Ohms; U1 - Z2 _______ Ohms; U2 – Z2 _______ Ohms; T1 – T2 _______ Ohms
   3 Phase: U - V_____________ Ohms; V - W ____________Ohms; U -W _________ Ohms, T1 – T2 _______ Ohms
   Resistance of Ground Circuit Between Control Panel and Outside of Pump __________Ohms
   MEG Ohm Check of Insulation:
   U to Ground __________________ V to Ground __________________ W to Ground________________

4.) Condition of Equipment at Start-Up: Dry __________ Wet _____________ Muddy_________
   Was Equipment Stored:_______________ Length of Storage ________________________
   Describe Station Layout ___________________________________________________________

5.) Liquid Level Controls: Model_____________________________ Type ______________________
   Is Control Installed Away From Turbulence?___________________________________________
   Operation Check: ( IF FLOAT SWITCHES SUPPLIED).
   Tip lowest float (stop float), all pumps should remain off.
   Tip second float (and stop float), one pump comes on.
   Tip third float (and stop float), both pumps on (alarm on simplex).
   Tip fourth float (and stop float), high level alarm on (omit on simplex).

6.) Electrical Readings:
   Single Phase:
   Voltage Supply at Panel Line Connection, Pump Off, L1, L2________ L1-Ground ______ L2-Ground ______
   Voltage Supply at Panel Line Connection, Pump On, L1, L2________ L1-Ground ______ L2-Ground ______
   Amperage: Load Connection, Pump On, U1 ___________ U2 ___________ Z2 ___________
   Resistance Across Thermal Switch leads T1-T2 ______ ohms

   Three Phase:
   Voltage Supply at Panel Line Connection, Pump Off, L1-L2________ L2-L3 ______ L3-L1 ______
   Voltage Supply at Panel Line Connection, Pump On, L1-L2________ L2-L3 ______ L3-L1 ______
   Amperage Load Connection, Pump On, L1 ___________ L2 ______ L3 __________
   Resistance Across Thermal Switch leads T1-T2 ______ ohms

Pg. 11
7.) Final Check:
   Are Thermal Switches properly wired? What Over-temperature Relay is being used? ____________
   Is Pump Seated On Discharge Properly? ______________ Check For Leaks? ______________
   Does Check Valves Operate Properly? _____________________________________________
   Flow: Does Station Appear To Operate At Proper Rate ........................................
   Vibration Level: Measured ______________ Observed ______________________________

   COMMENTS: _____________________________________________________________________

8.) Equipment Difficulties During Start-Up:_______________________________________________
   _______________________________________________________________________________
   _______________________________________________________________________________
   _______________________________________________________________________________

9.) I Certify this Report to be accurate.
   Authorized Homa Service Representative:
   ___________________________________________________________ Phone # __________________
   (Signature)

   DATE_______________________

   Pump Station Owner/ Operator
   ___________________________________________________________ Phone # __________________
   (Signature)
   DATE_______________________